## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents, as follows.

 (Withdrawn) A method of controlling parasites in or on an animal comprising administering to the animal a parasiticidally effective amount of a 5-substitutedalkylaminopyrazole derivative of formula (I):

$$R^{5}-S(O)_{m}-A$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{5}-S(O)_{m}-A$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$  (I)

wherein:

R1 is CN:

W is C-halogen, C-CH3 or N:

R2 is hydrogen, halogen or CH3:

R<sup>3</sup> is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkoxy or S(O)<sub>0</sub>—(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl;

 $R^4$  is hydrogen,  $(C_2 \cdot C_6)$ -alkenyl,  $(C_2 \cdot C_6)$ -haloalkenyl,  $(C_2 \cdot C_6)$ -alkynyl,  $(C_2 \cdot C_6)$ -haloalkynyl,  $(C_3 \cdot C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $CO - (CH_2)_q - R^7$ ,  $COR^8$ ,  $CO - (CH_2)_q R^9$ ,  $-CO - (C_1 \cdot C_4)$ -alkyl- $(C_1 \cdot C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $-CO_2 - (CH_2)_q - R^7$ ,  $CO_2R^8$ ,  $-CO_2 - (CH_2)_q - R^9$ ,  $-CO_2 - (C_3 \cdot C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $-CO_2 - (C_1 \cdot C_4)$ -alkyl- $(C_3 \cdot C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $-CO_2 - (C_3 \cdot C_6)$ -alkynyl,  $-CO_3 - (C_1 \cdot C_6)$ -alkyl- $-CO_2 - (C_3 \cdot C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $-CO_3 - (C_1 \cdot C_6)$ -alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $(C_1 \cdot C_6)$ -alkyl,  $-O(C_3 - C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $-O(C_$ 

- (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl,  $NR^{10}COR^{12}$ ,  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ ,  $CONR^{10}R^{11}$ ,  $SO_2NR^{10}R^{11}$ , OH, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $OR^7$ ,  $NR^{10}SO_2R^8$ ,  $COR^8$  and  $OR^9$ :
- A is  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkylene, or  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -haloalkylene in which 2, 3 or 4 adjacent carbon atoms optionally form part of a  $(C_3-C_8)$ -cycloalkyl ring which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl and halogen; or is  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkylene or  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -haloalkylene in which last two mentioned groups a methylene moiety is replaced by a group selected from -C(=O)—, -C(=NH)—, -O—, -S— and  $-NR^{15}$ —, with the proviso that the replacing group is not bonded to the adjacent  $S(O)_m$  group or N atom; or is  $(C_2-C_{12})$ -alkenylene or  $(C_2-C_{12})$ -haloalkenylene;
- R<sup>5</sup> is H, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)cycloalkyl, —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>R<sup>9</sup> or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> provided that for the last mentioned radical m
  is 2; or is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the
  group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkynyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)cycloalkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>,
  CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, COR<sup>10</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>COR<sup>12</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CONR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>9</sup>,
  OR<sup>7</sup>, OR<sup>9</sup> and CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>10</sup>; or
  - when A is  $(C_1$ - $C_{12})$ -alkylene or  $(C_1$ - $C_{12})$ -haloalkylene and  $R^5$  is  $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ -alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen radicals, one or more of the carbon atoms of  $R^5$  may, together with  $S(O)_m$  and one or more of the carbon atoms of A, form a 5- or 6-membered ring:
- $R^6$  is  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -alkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -haloalkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -haloalkynyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>11</sup>, COR<sup>13</sup>, CONR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>10</sup>OR<sup>11</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, OH, SO<sub>3</sub>H and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylideneimino;
- R8 is (C1-C6)-alkyl or (C1-C6)-haloalkyl;
- R<sup>9</sup> is heterocyclyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-haloalkoxy, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, S(O)<sub>8</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, OH and oxo;

- $$\begin{split} R^{10} &\text{ and } R^{12} \text{ are each independently H, } (C_1-C_6)-\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)-\text{haloalkyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{alkenyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{haloalkenyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{alkynyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{cycloalkyl, } --(C_1-C_6)-\text{alkyl-}(C_3-C_6)-\text{cycloalkyl, } --(CH_2)_{a}R^{13} \text{ or } --(CH_2)_{q}R^9; \text{ or } \end{split}$$
- R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> and/or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> each together with the respective attached N atom form a five- or six-membered saturated ring which optionally contains an additional hetero atom in the ring which is selected from O, S and N, the ring being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl;
- $R^{11}$  and  $R^{14}$  are each independently H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl;
- R<sup>13</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup> and NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>14</sup>;

$$R^{15}$$
 is  $R^{11}$  or  $-(CH_2)_0R^{13}$ ;

m, n and p are each independently zero, one or two;

q is zero or one; and

each heterocyclyl in the above-mentioned radicals is independently a heterocyclic radical having 3 to 7 ring atoms and 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of N, O and S:

or a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof.

(Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the symbols and indices in formula (I) have the following meanings:

R1 is CN:

W is C—Cl;

R2 is chlorine;

R3 is CF3 or OCF3;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, CO<sub>2</sub>—(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy;

A is (C1-C4)-alkylene;

R<sup>6</sup> is CF<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>2</sub>Cl, CFCl<sub>2</sub>, CBrF<sub>2</sub> or CHF<sub>2</sub>;

R7 is phenyl;

m and n are each independently zero, one or two; and

q is zero or one.

3. (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the symbols and indices in formula (I) have the following meanings:

R1 is CN:

W is C-Cl;

R2 is C1:

R3 is CF3 or OCF3:

 $R^4$  is hydrogen,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -alkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -alkynyl,  $(C_3-C_7)$ -cycloalkyl,  $COR^9$  (where  $R^9$  is tetrahydrofuryl),  $-COCH_2-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $-CO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $-CO_2-(CH_2)_q-R^7$ ,  $OR^7$ ,  $OR^8$  or  $OR^9$  (where  $R^9$  is pyridyl); or  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_3-C_7)$ -cycloalkyl and  $S(O)_6R^8$ ;

A is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylene in which 2, 3 or 4 adjacent carbon atoms optionally form part of a (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl ring;

R<sup>5</sup> is (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>R<sup>7</sup> or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> provided that for the last mentioned radical X is SO<sub>2</sub>; or is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl;

R6 is CF3, CF2Cl, CFCl2, CBrF2, CHF2 or CH3;

R7 is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more (C1-C6)-alkoxy groups;

 $R^8$  is  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl;

R10 and R11 are the same or different (C1-C6)-alkyl; or

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together with the attached N atom form a five- or six-membered saturated ring which optionally contains an additional hetero atom in the ring which is selected from O, S and N;

m and n are each independently zero, one or two; and

q is zero or one.

 (Currently Amended) 5-Substituted-alkylaminopyrazole derivatives of formula (I): as in elaim 1, or pesticidally acceptable salts thereof, wherein the symbols and indices in formula (I) have the following meanings:

$$R^{6}S(O)_{m}$$
  $R^{1}$   $R^{5}-S(O)_{m}-A$   $R^{2}$   $W$   $R^{3}$   $(1)$ 

wherein:

R1 is CN:

W is C-halogen or C-CH3;

R2 is hydrogen, halogen or CH1:

 $R^3$  is  $(C_1-C_3)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_3)$ -haloalkoxy or  $S(O)_p$ — $(C_1-C_3)$ -haloalkyl;

 $R^4 is \ \underline{hydrogen}, \ (C_2-C_6)-alkenyl, \ (C_2-C_6)-haloalkenyl, \ (C_2-C_6)-alkynyl, \ (C_2-C_6)-haloalkynyl, \ (C_3-C_7)-cycloalkyl, \ CO-(CH_2)_q-R^7, \ CO_2R^8, \ CO-(CH_2)_qR^9, \ -CO-(C_1-C_4)-alkyl-(C_1-C_6)-alkoxy, \ -CO_2-(CH_2)_qR^7, \ -CO_2-(CH_2)_q-R^9, \ -CO_2-(C_3-C_7)-cycloalkyl, \ -CO_2-(C_1-C_4)-alkyl-(C_3-C_7)-cycloalkyl, \ -CO_2-(C_3-C_6)-alkynyl, \ -CO_3-(C_3-C_6)-alkynyl, \ -CO_3-(C_3-C_6)-alkynyl$ 

- A is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-alkylene and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-haloalkylene in which 2, 3 or 4 adjacent carbon atoms optionally form part of a (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-cycloalkyl ring which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and halogen; or is (C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>)-alkylene or (C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-haloalkylene in which last two mentioned groups a methylene moiety is replaced by a group selected from C(=O), C(=NH), O, S and NR<sup>15</sup>, with the previse that the replacing group is not bonded to the adjacent S(O)<sub>m</sub> group or N atom; or is (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-alkenylene or (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-haloalkenylene;
- $$\begin{split} R^5 & is \, H, \, (C_3 C_6) alkenyl, \, (C_3 C_6) haloalkenyl, \, (C_3 C_6) alkynyl, \, (C_3 C_6) haloalkynyl, \, (C_3 C_7) cycloalkyl, \, --(CH_2)_q R^7 \, --(CH_2)_q R^9 \, or \, NR^{10}R^{11} \, provided that for the last mentioned radical m is 2; or is <math>(C_1 C_6) alkyl \, unsubstituted \, or \, substituted \, by \, one \, or \, more \, radicals \, selected \, from \, the \, group \, consisting \, of \, halogen, \, (C_1 C_6) alkoxy, \, (C_1 C_6) haloalkoxy, \, (C_3 C_6) alkenyloxy, \, (C_3 C_6) alkenyloxy, \, (C_3 C_6) alkenyloxy, \, (C_3 C_6) alkenyloxy, \, (C_3 C_6) alkynyloxy, \, (C_$$

when A is  $(C_4 - C_{12})$  alkylene or  $(C_4 - C_{12})$  haloalkylene and  $R^5$  is  $(C_4 - C_6)$  alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen radicals, one or more of the carbon atoms of  $R^5$  may, together with  $S(O)_m$  and one or more of the carbon atoms of A, form a 5-or 6-membered ring;

- R<sup>6</sup> is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl or (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>8</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>11</sup>, COR<sup>13</sup>, CONR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>10</sup> OR<sup>11</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>OR<sup>11</sup>, OH, SO<sub>3</sub>H and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylideneimino;
- R8 is (C1-C6)-alkyl or (C1-C6)-haloalkyl;
- R<sup>9</sup> is heterocyclyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-haloalkoxy, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, S(O)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, OH and oxo;

- $$\begin{split} R^{10} &\text{ and } R^{12} \text{ are each independently H, } (C_1-C_6)-\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)-\text{haloalkyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{alkenyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{haloalkyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{alkyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{haloalkyl, } (C_3-C_6)-\text{alkyl, }$$
- R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> and/or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> each together with the respective attached N atom form a five- or six-membered saturated ring which optionally contains an additional hetero atom in the ring which is selected from O, S and N the ring being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl;
- R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are each independently H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl;
- R<sup>13</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>6</sub>R<sup>8</sup> and NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>14</sup>;

$$R^{15}$$
 is  $R^{11}$  or —  $(CH_2)_q R^{13}$ ;

m, n and p are each independently zero, one or two;

q is zero or one; and

each heterocyclyl in the above-mentioned radicals is independently a heterocyclic radical having 3 to 7 ring atoms and 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of N, O and S[[.]] : or a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof.

 (Currently Amended) 5-Substituted-alkylaminopyrazole derivatives of formula (I) as in claim [[1]] 4, or pesticidally acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

R1 is CN:

W is C-halogen or C-CH3;

R2 is hydrogen, halogen or CH3;

 $R^3$  is  $(C_1-C_3)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_3)$ -haloalkoxy or  $S(O)_p$ — $(C_1C_3)$ -haloalkyl;

R4 is hydrogen, (C1-C6)-alkyl or COR8;

A is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-alkylene and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-haloalkylene in which 2, 3 or 4 adjacent carbon atoms optionally form part of a (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-cycloalkyl ring which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and halogen; or is (C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>42</sub>) alkylene or (C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>42</sub>) haloalkylene in which last two mentioned groups a methylene

- moiety is replaced by a group selected from -C(=O), -C(=NH), -O, -S and  $-NR^{15}$ , with the proviso that the replacing group is not bonded to the adjacent  $S(O)_m$  group or N atom; or is  $(C_2-C_{Lo})$  alkenvlene or  $(C_3-C_{Lo})$  haloalkenvlene:
- R<sup>5</sup> is H, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>R</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>R</sub>R<sup>9</sup> or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> provided that for the last mentioned radical S(O)<sub>m</sub> is SO<sub>2</sub>; or is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkenyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkynyloxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)-cycloalkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, COR<sup>10</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>COR<sup>12</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CONR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>9</sup>, OR<sup>7</sup>, OR<sup>9</sup> and CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>10</sup>; or
  - when  $\Lambda$  is  $(C_1, C_{12})$  alkylene or  $(C_1, C_{12})$  haloalkylene and  $R^{\pm}$  is  $(C_1, C_6)$  alkyl substituted by one or more halogen radicals, one or more of the earbon atoms of  $R^{\pm}$  may, together with  $S(O)_m$  and one or more of the earbon atoms of  $\Lambda$ , form a 5-or 6-membered ring;
- $R^6$  is  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -haloalkyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -alkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -haloalkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ -haloalkynyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>11</sup>, COR<sup>13</sup>, CONR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, OH, SO<sub>3</sub>H and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkylideneimino;
- R8 is (C1-C6)-alkyl or (C1-C6)-haloalkyl;
- R<sup>9</sup> is heterocyclyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-haloalkoxy, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, S(O)<sub>0</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, OH and oxo;
- R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are each independently H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, —(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl, —(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl, —
- R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> and/or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> each together with the respective attached N atom form a five- or six-membered saturated ring which optionally contains an additional hetero atom in the ring which is selected from O, S and N, the ring being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are each independently H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl or — (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl;

R<sup>13</sup> is phenyl unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>6</sub>R<sup>8</sup> and NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>14</sup>;

$$R^{15}$$
 is  $R^{11}$  or —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub> $R^{13}$ :

m, n and p are each independently zero, one or two:

q is zero or one; and

each heterocyclyl in the above-mentioned radicals is independently a heterocyclic radical having 3 to 7 ring atoms and 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of N, O and S.

 (Currently Amended) 5-Substituted-alkylaminopyrazole derivatives of formula (I) as in claim 4, or pesticidally acceptable salts thereof, wherein the symbols and indices in formula (I) have the following meanings:

R1 is CN;

R2 is chlorine:

R3 is CF3 or OCF3:

W is C-Cl;

R4 is hydrogen or (C1-C6)-alkyl;

R5 is (C1-C6)-alkyl;

R6 is CF3;

A is (C2-C3)-alkylene

and m and n are each independently zero, one or two.

- 7. (Withdrawn) The use of compounds of formula (I) and pesticidally acceptable salts thereof according to one or more of claims 1 to 6 for the control of parasites in and on animals.
- (Withdrawn) The use of compounds of formula (I) and pesticidally acceptable salts thereof according to one or more of claims 1 to 6 for preparing a veterinary medicament.

- 9. (Currently Amended) A pesticidal composition comprising a compound of formula (I) or a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof as defined in any one of claims [[1]] 4 to 6, in association with a pesticidally acceptable diluent or carrier and/or surface active agent.
- 10. (Withdrawn) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) or a salt thereof as defined in one or more of claims 1 to 6, which process comprises:
  - a) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, A, m and n are as defined in claim 1, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, and R<sup>4</sup> is H, reacting a compound of formula (II):

$$R^6S(O)_n$$
 $R^1$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W and n are as defined in claim 1, and L is a leaving group, with a compound of formula (III):

wherein m and A are as defined in claim 1 and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen; or

b) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, A, m and n are as defined in claim 1 and R<sup>4</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, OR<sup>7</sup>, OR<sup>8</sup> and OR<sup>9</sup>, and R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of H, reacting a compound of formula (IV):

$$R^{\delta}S(O)_n$$
 $R^1$ 
 $R^{\delta}-S(O)_m-A$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, W, A, m and n are as defined in claim 1 and R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, with a compound of formula (V):

wherein R<sup>4</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, OR<sup>7</sup>, OR<sup>8</sup> and OR<sup>9</sup>, and L<sup>1</sup> is a leaving group; or

c) where  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^6$ , W, A, m and n are as defined in claim 1 and  $R^5$  is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, reacting a compound of formula (VI):

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^6$ , W and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (VI):

- wherein m and A are as defined in claim 1,  $R^5$  is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen and  $L^2$  is a leaving group;
- d) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W and n are as defined in claim 1, R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen; A is —CH<sub>2</sub>— and m is zero, reacting a compound of formula (VIII):

$$R^6S(O)_n$$
 $R^1$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $(VIII)$ 

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W and n are as defined in claim 1, with a mixture of formaldehyde and a compound of formula (IX):

wherein R5 is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen; or

e) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, A, W and n are as defined in claim 1, R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, and m is zero, reacting a compound of formula (X):

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ , A, W and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XI):

R5-L3 (XI)

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, and  $\mathbb{L}^3$  is a leaving group; or

f) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, A, W and n are as defined in claim 1, and m is zero, reacting a compound of formula (XII):

$$R^6$$
S(O)<sub>n</sub>  $R^1$   $R^1$   $R^2$   $R^3$  (XII)

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, A, W and n are as defined in claim 1, and L<sup>4</sup> is a leaving group, with a compound of formula (IX) as defined above; or

(X)

g) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W, and n are as defined in claim 1, R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in claim 1 with the exclusion of hydrogen, and A is (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-alkylene of which a two carbon chain links the R<sup>5</sup>—S(O)<sub>m</sub>— and —NR<sup>4</sup>— groups, reacting a compound of formula (VI) above wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XIII):

wherein R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in claim 1, and A<sup>1</sup> is a (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>)-alkenyl group in which the double bond is adjacent to the R<sup>5</sup>—S(O)<sub>m</sub> group; or

h) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, A, W, and n are as defined in claim 1, R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, and m is
zero, reacting the corresponding compound of formula (XII) as defined above, with a
compound of formula (XIV):

wherein Ra is (C1-C6)-alkyl, to give a compound of formula (XV):

wherein the various symbols are as defined above, followed by hydrolysis of the compound of formula (XV) to give the corresponding compound of formula (I) in which R<sup>5</sup> is H; or

- i) where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, W and A are as defined in claim 1, and m and/or n is 1 or 2, oxidising a corresponding compound in which m and/or n is 0 or 1; and
- j) if desired, converting a resulting compound of formula (I) into a pesticidally acceptable salt thereof.

(XV)